

Doc. Number :

- Tentative Specification
- Preliminary Specification
- Approval Specification

**MODEL NO.: M185BGE**  
**SUFFIX: P02**

**Customer:**

**APPROVED BY**

**SIGNATURE**

**Name / Title** \_\_\_\_\_

**Note**

**Product Version**

**Please return 1 copy for your confirmation with your  
signature and comments.**

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## **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page	Description
3.0	2012/2/1	All	Spec Ver.3.0 was first issued.
3.1	2012/4/27		Add Hard BOX
3.2	2012/6/1	13	T6 Max 100 ms

## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

### 1.1 OVERVIEW

The M185BGE-P02 is a 18.5" TFT LCD cell with driver ICs and a 30-pins-1ch-LVDS circuit board.

The product supports 1366 x 768 HDTV mode and can display up to 16.7M colors. The backlight unit is not built in.

### 1.2 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Screen Size	18.5" real diagonal		
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1366 x R.G.B. x 768	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.3 (H) x 0.3 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.7M	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Anti-Glare coating (Haze 25%), Hard coating (3H)	-	-
Power Consumption	3.6	Watt	-

## 2. MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Weight	-	328	377	g	-
I/F connector mounting position	The mounting inclination of the connector makes the screen center within $\pm 0.5\text{mm}$ as the horizontal.			-	(2)

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.

(2) Connector mounting position

(3) Please refer to sec.3.1 for more information of power consumption.



## 3. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

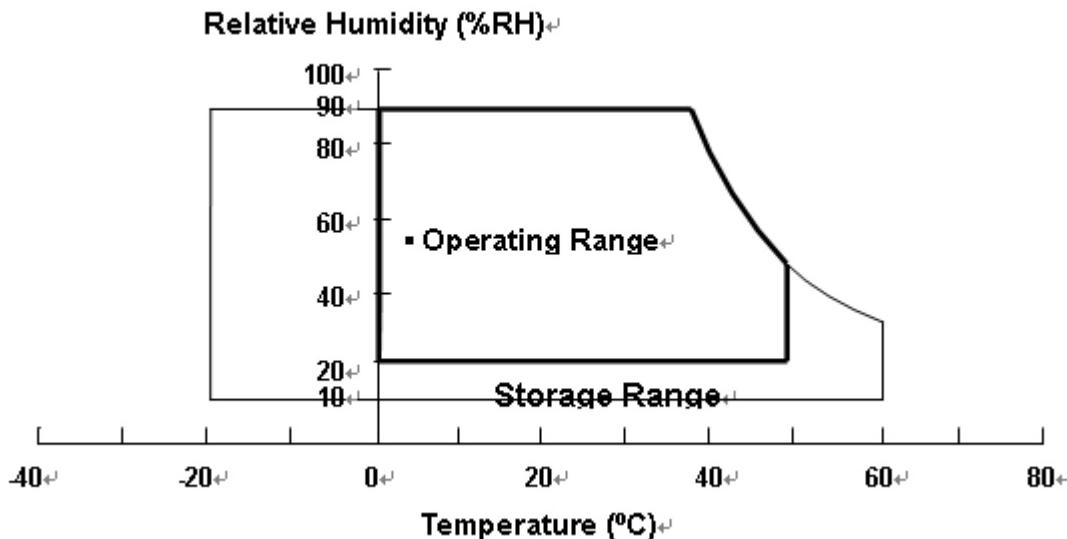
### 3.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min.	Max.		
Storage Temperature	$T_{ST}$	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	$T_{OP}$	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)

Note (1) (a) 90 %RH Max. ( $T_a \leq 40$  °C).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. ( $T_a > 40$  °C).

(c) No condensation.



Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C min. and 60 °C max.

### 3.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

#### 3.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
		Min	Max		
Power Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.3	6.0	V	(1)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

### 3.3 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT (OPEN CELL)

High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of panel. Please store LCD panel within the specified storage conditions.

Storage Condition: With packing.

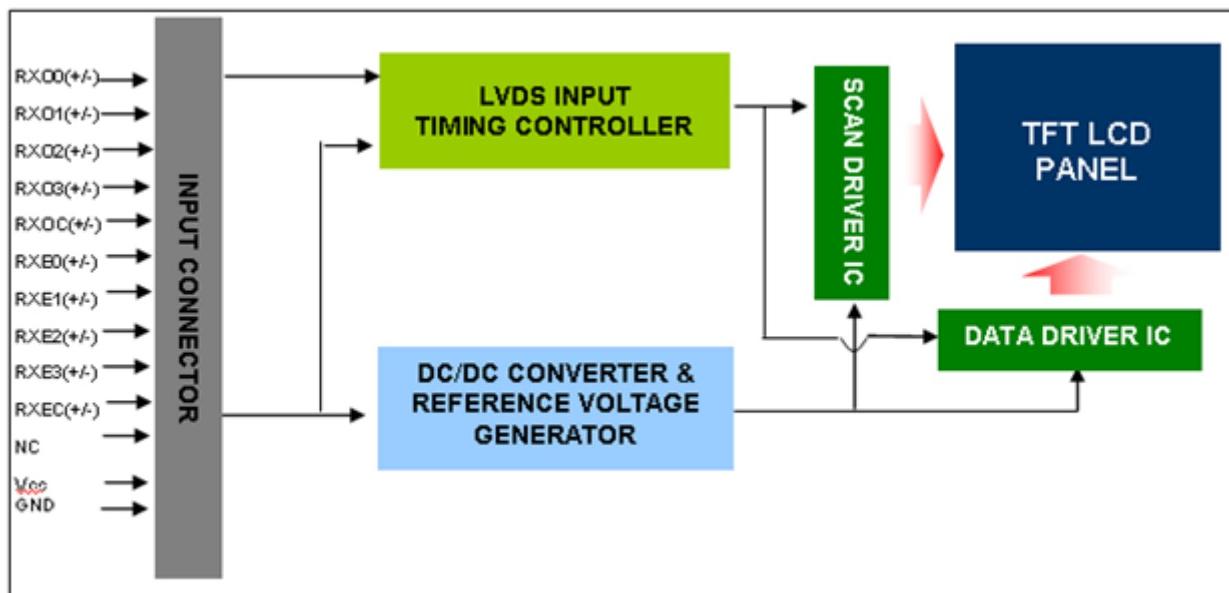
Storage temperature range: 25±5 °C.

Storage humidity range: 50±10%RH.

Shelf life: 30days

## 4. ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

### 4.1 FUNCTION BLOCK DIAGRAM



### 4.2. INTERFACE CONNECTIONS

#### PIN ASSIGNMENT

Pin	Name	Description
1	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
2	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
3	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
4	GND	Ground
5	RX0-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 0
6	RX0+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 0
7	GND	Ground
8	RX1-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 1
9	RX1+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 1
10	GND	Ground
11	RX2-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 2
12	RX2+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 2
13	GND	Ground
14	RXCLK-	Negative LVDS differential clock input.
15	RXCLK+	Positive LVDS differential clock input.
16	GND	Ground
17	RX3-	Negative LVDS differential data input. Channel 3
18	RX3+	Positive LVDS differential data input. Channel 3
19	GND	Ground
20	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
21	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
22	NC	Not connection, this pin should be open.
23	GND	Ground
24	GND	Ground
25	GND	Ground
26	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
27	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
28	Vcc	+5.0V power supply
29	Vcc	+5.0V power supply

30

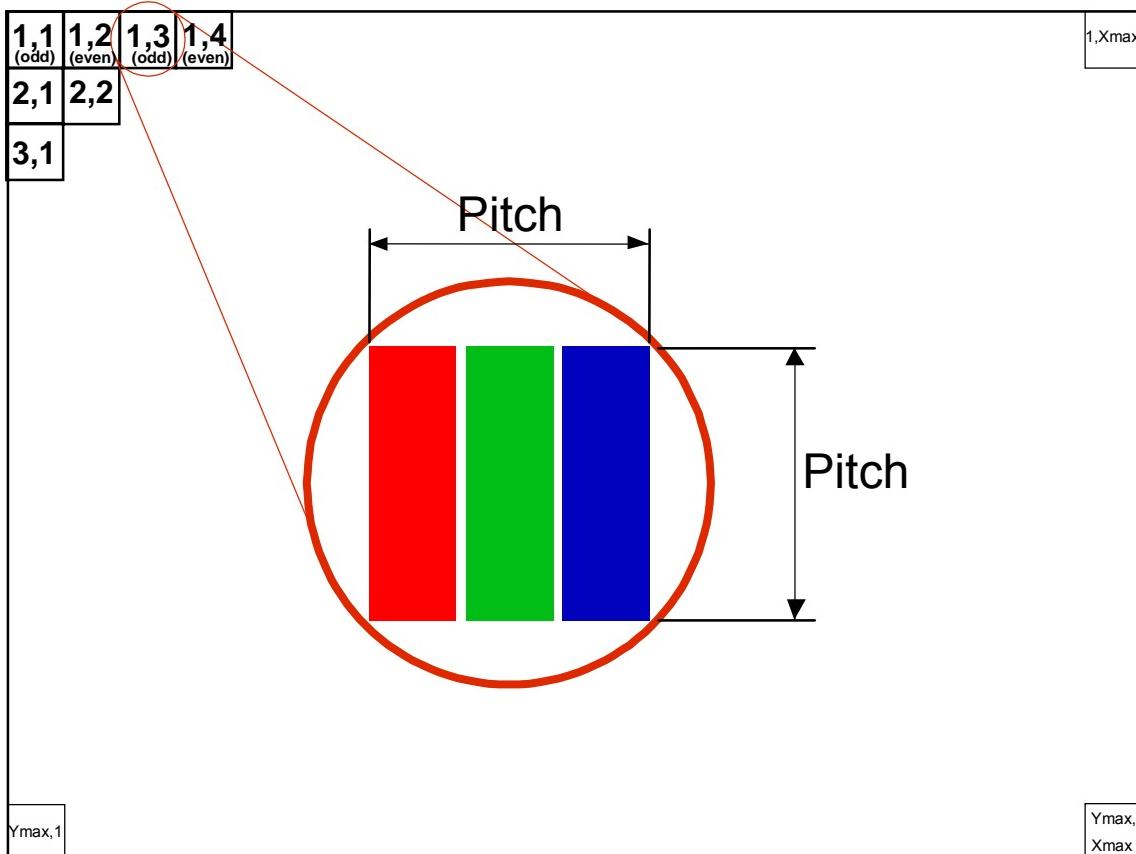
Vcc

+5.0V power supply

Note (1) Connector Part No.:

GS23302-0011R-7H ( FOXCONN ) or 187106-30091[P-TWO(禾昌)]or equivalent

Note (2) The pixel is odd.

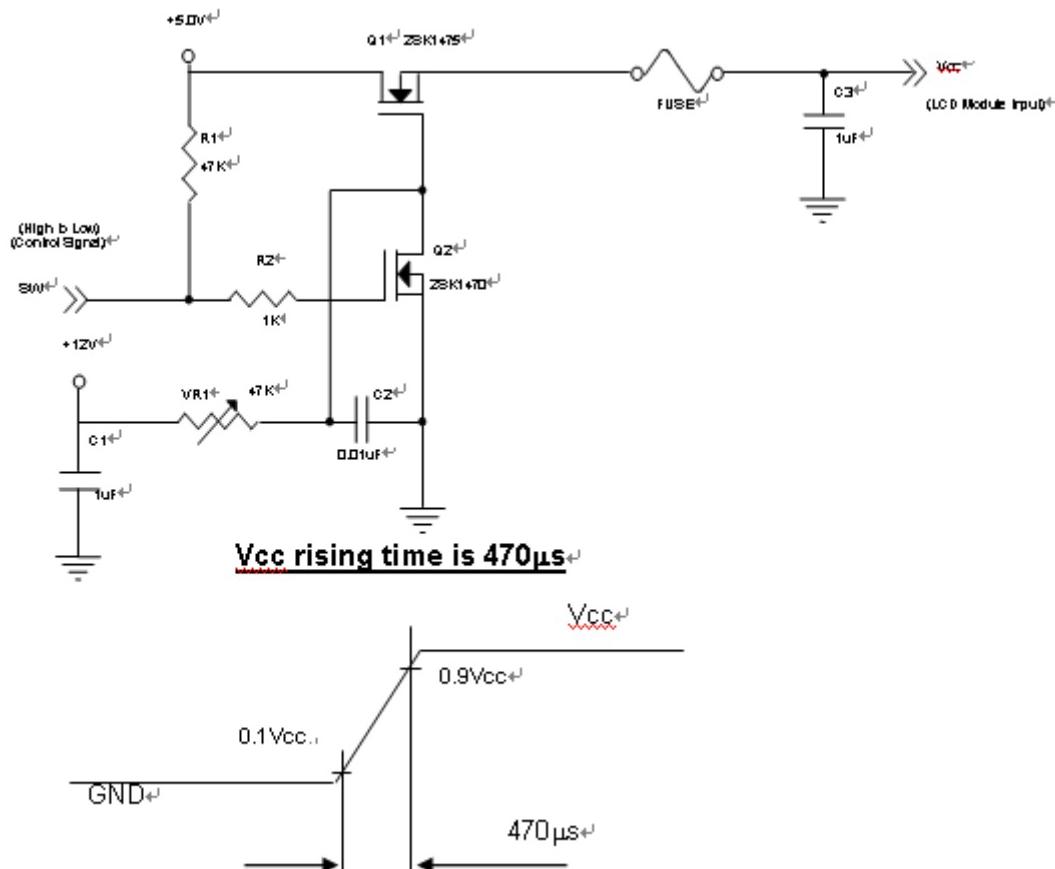


#### 4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Parameter	Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Min.	Typ.	Max.		
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	4.5	5	5.5	V	-
Ripple Voltage	V <sub>RP</sub>	-	-	0.3	V	-
Rush Current	I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	1.5	2.0	A	(2)
Power Supply Current	White	-	300	400	mA	(3)a
	Black	-	450	600	mA	(3)b
	Vertical Stripe	-	500	650	mA	(3)c
Power Consumption	PLCD	-	2.5	3.6	Watt	(4)
LVDS differential input voltage	V <sub>id</sub>	100	-	600	mV	
LVDS common input voltage	V <sub>ic</sub>	1.0	1.2	1.4	V	
Logic High Input Voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	-	0.1	V	
Logic Low Input Voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.1	-	-	V	

Note (1) The ambient temperature is  $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ .

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at  $V_{cc} = 5.0\text{ V}$ ,  $T_a = 25 \pm 2^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $F_v = 60\text{ Hz}$ , whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern

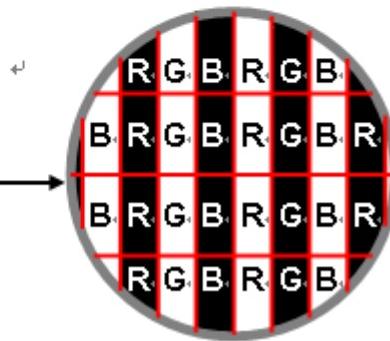
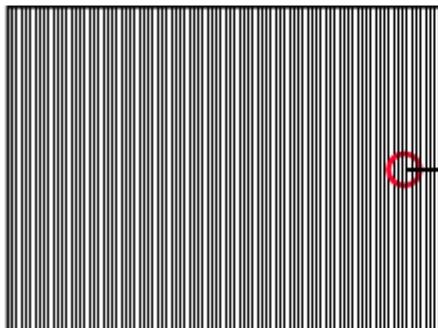


b. Black Pattern



Active Area

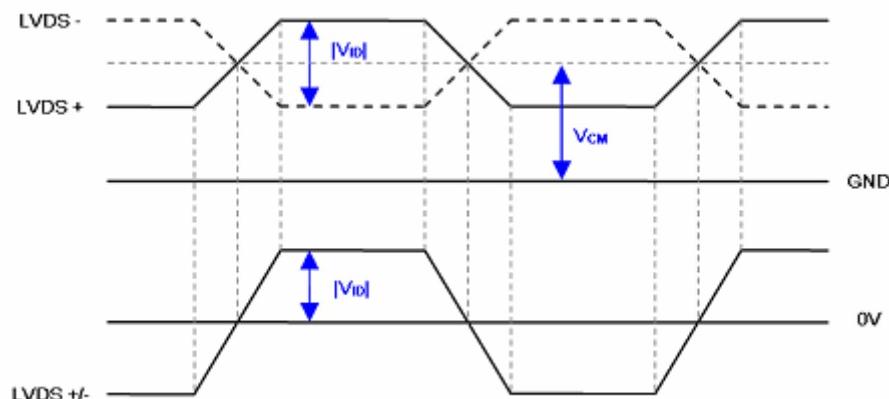
c. Vertical Stripe Pattern



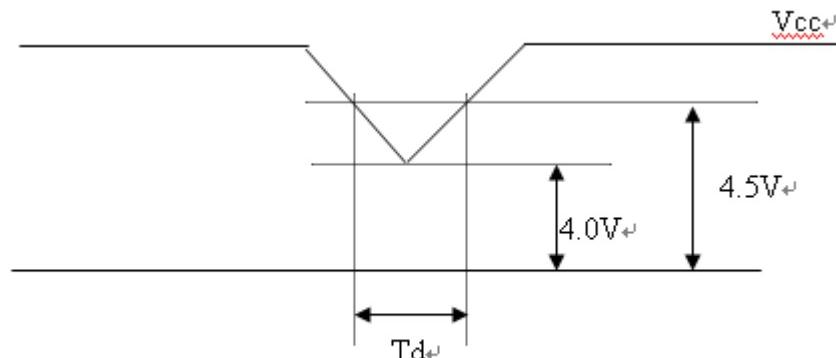
Active Area

Note (4) The power consumption is specified at the pattern with the maximum current.

Note (5) VID waveform condition



#### 4.4 Vcc POWER DIP CONDITION



Dip condition:  $4.0V \leq V_{cc} \leq 4.5V, T_d \leq 20ms$

#### 4.5 LVDS DATA MAPPING TABLE

LVDS Channel O0	LVDS output	D7	D6	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
LVDS Channel O1	LVDS output	D18	D15	D14	D13	D12	D9	D8
LVDS Channel O2	LVDS output	D26	D25	D24	D22	D21	D20	D19
LVDS Channel O3	LVDS output	D23	D17	D16	D11	D10	D5	D27
	Data order	OG0	OR5	OR4	OR3	OR2	OR1	OR0
	LVDS output	OB1	OB0	OG5	OG4	OG3	OG2	OG1
	LVDS output	DE	NA	NA	OB5	OB4	OB3	OB2
	LVDS output	NA	OB7	OB6	OG7	OG6	OR7	OR6

#### 4.6 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

Color		Data Signal																							
		Red							Green							Blue									
		R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	R7	R6	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	G0	R7	R6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
Basic Colors	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Gray Scale Of Red	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:		
	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gray Scale Of Green	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	Green(254) Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale Of Blue	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage

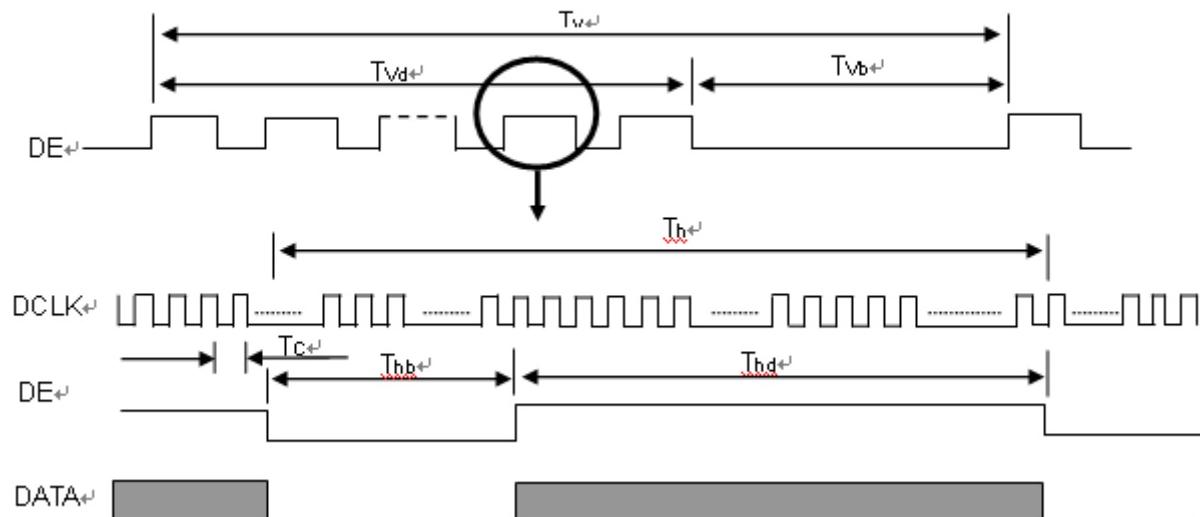
## 4.7 DISPLAY TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

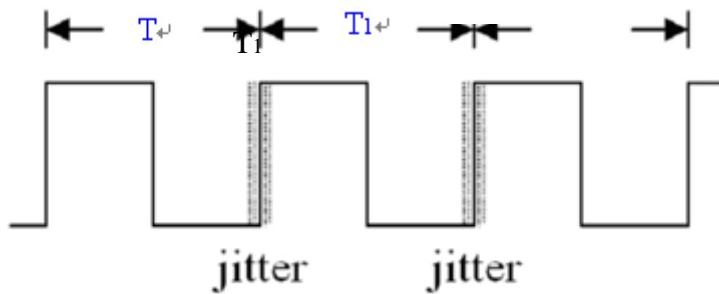
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
LVDS Clock	Frequency	F <sub>c</sub>	62.9	75.4	95.6	MHz	-
	Period	T <sub>c</sub>	10.5-	13.2	15.9-	ns	
	Input cycle to cycle jitter	T <sub>rcl</sub>	-0.02*T <sub>c</sub>	-	0.02*T <sub>c</sub>	ns	(1)
	Input Clock to data skew	T <sub>LVCCS</sub>	-0.02*T <sub>c</sub>		-0.02*T	ps	(2)
	Spread spectrum modulation range	F <sub>clkin_mod</sub>	F <sub>c</sub> *97%		F <sub>c</sub> *103%	MHz	(3)
	Spread spectrum modulation frequency	F <sub>SSM</sub>			100	KHz	
Vertical Display Term	Frame Rate	F <sub>r</sub>	50	60	76	Hz	T <sub>v</sub> =T <sub>vd</sub> +T <sub>vb</sub>
	Total	T <sub>v</sub>	800	806	815	Th	-
	Active Display	T <sub>vd</sub>		768		Th	-
	Blank	T <sub>vb</sub>	32	38	47	Th	-
Horizontal Display Term	Total	T <sub>h</sub>	1500	1560	1570	T <sub>c</sub>	T <sub>h</sub> =T <sub>hd</sub> +T <sub>hb</sub>
	Active Display	T <sub>hd</sub>	-	1366	-	T <sub>c</sub>	-
	Blank	T <sub>hb</sub>	134	194	204	T <sub>c</sub>	-

Note:(0) Because this module is operated by DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals are ignored.

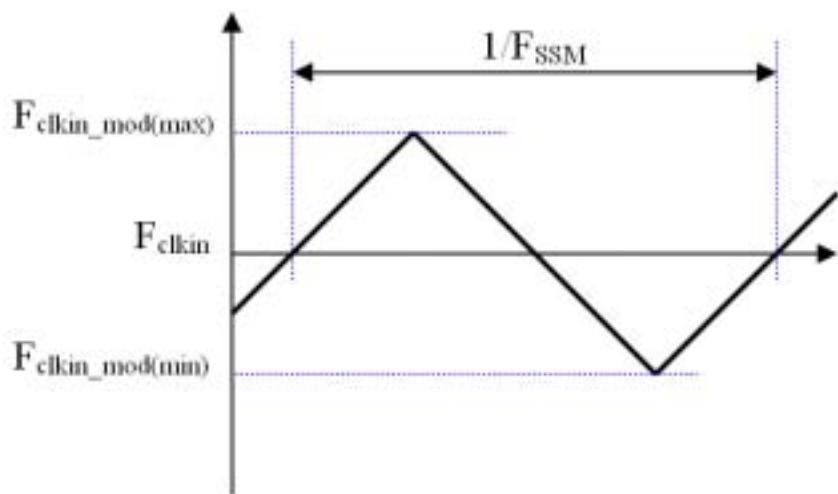
#### INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM



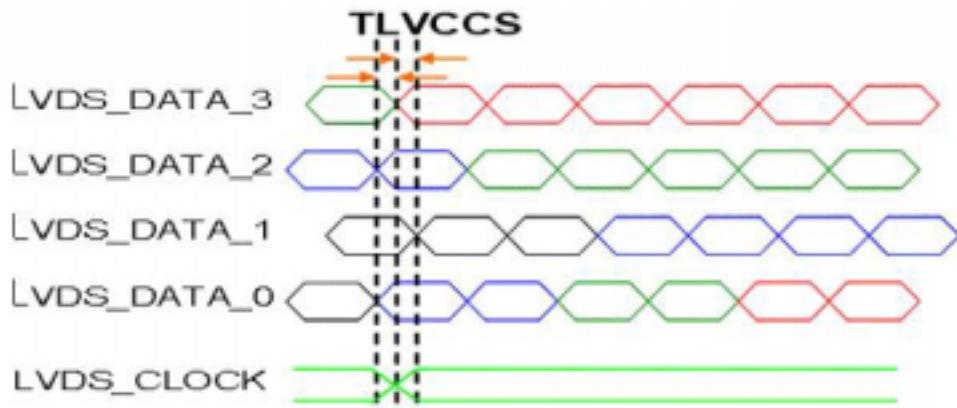
Note (1) The input clock cycle-to-cycle jitter is defined as below figures.  $Trcl = |T1 - T2|$



Note (2) The SSCG (Spread spectrum clock generator) is defined as below figures.



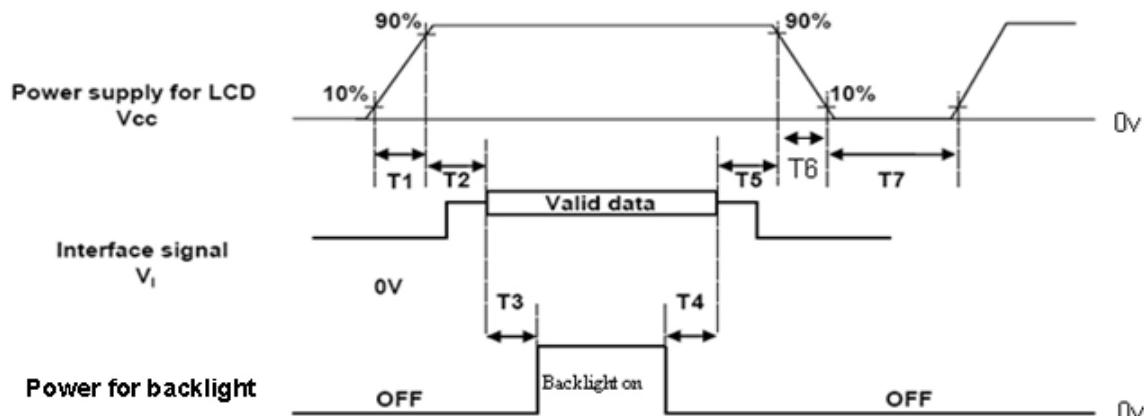
Note (3) Input Clock to data skew is defined as below figures



Note (4) The DCLK range at last line of V-blanking should be set in 0 to Hdisplay/2.

#### 4.8 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



Timing Specifications:

Parameters	Values			Units
	Min	Typ.	Max	
T1	0.1	-	10	ms
T2	0	30	50	ms
T3	200	250	-	ms
T4	100	250-	-	ms
T5	0	20-	50	ms
T6	0.1	-	100	ms
T7	1000	-	-	ms

Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.

Note (2) When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation of the LCD turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.

Note (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.

Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.

Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.

Note (6) CMO won't take any responsibility for the products which are damaged by the customers not following the Power Sequence.

Note (7) There might be slight electronic noise when LCD is turned off (even backlight unit is also off). To avoid this symptom, we suggest "Vcc falling timing" to follow "t6 spec".

## 5. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	T <sub>a</sub>	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	H <sub>a</sub>	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	5	V
Input Signal	According to typical value in "4.3 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS"		
LED Light Bar Input Current Per Input Pin	I <sub>PIN</sub>	65 ± 1.9	mA <sub>DC</sub>
PWM Duty Ratio	D	100	%
LED Light Bar Test Converter	TEST01001 T2-A1		

### 5.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

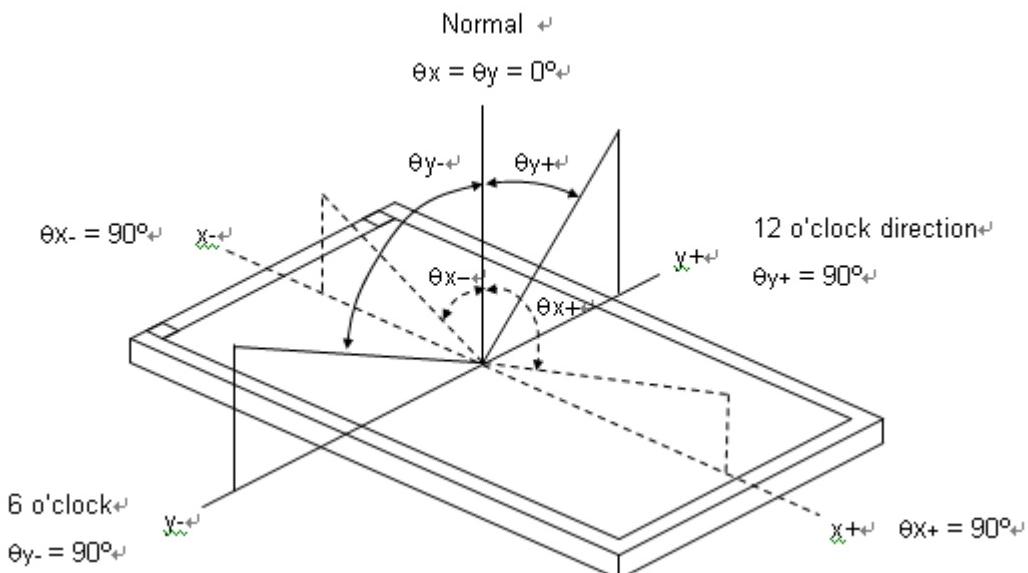
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown as below. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 5.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Item	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note		
Color Chromaticity (CIE 1931)	Red	θx=0°, θY=0° CS-2000 R=G=B=255 Gray Scale	Typ -0.03	0.6306	Typ +0.03	(1), (5)			
				0.3570					
	Green			0.3166					
				0.6331					
	Blue			0.1515					
				0.0561					
	White			0.313					
				0.329					
Center Transmittance	T%		(6.2)	6.6-	-	(1), (5)			
Contrast Ratio	CR			700	1000				
Response Time	TR	θx=0°, θY=0°	-	1.5	4.0	ms	(3)		
	TF		-	3.5	6.0				
White Variation	δW	θx=0°, θY=0° USB2000	75	-	-	%	(5), (6)		
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	x- + x+	CR 10 USB2000	150	170	Deg.	(1), (6)		
	Vertical	y- + y+		140	160				
Viewing Angle	Horizontal	x- + x+	CR 5 USB2000	160	178	---	Deg. (1), (5)		
	Vertical	y- + y+		150	170				

Note (0) Light source is the standard light source "C" which is defined by CIE and driving voltages are based on suitable gamma voltages

Note (1) Light source is the BLU, which is supplied by CMO, and driving voltages are based on suitable gamma voltages. White is without signal input and R, G, B are with signal input. SPEC is judged by CMO's golden sample

Note (2) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta_x$ ,  $\theta_y$ ):



Note (3) : Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

$$\text{Contrast Ratio (CR)} = L_{255} / L_0$$

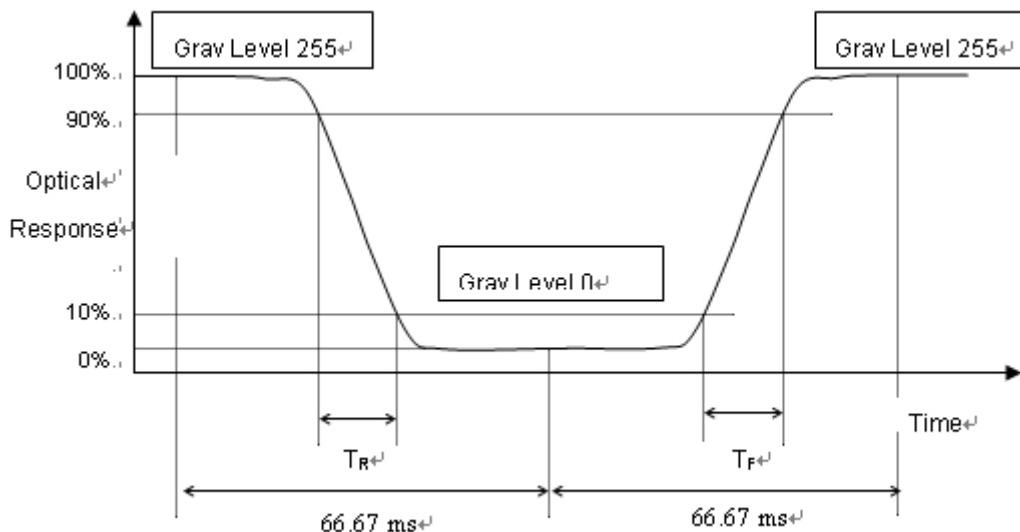
L<sub>255</sub>: Luminance of gray level 255

L<sub>0</sub>: Luminance of gray level 0

$$CR = CR(5)$$

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (8).

Note (4) Definition of Response Time (TR, TF):



Note (5) Definition of Transmittance (T%):

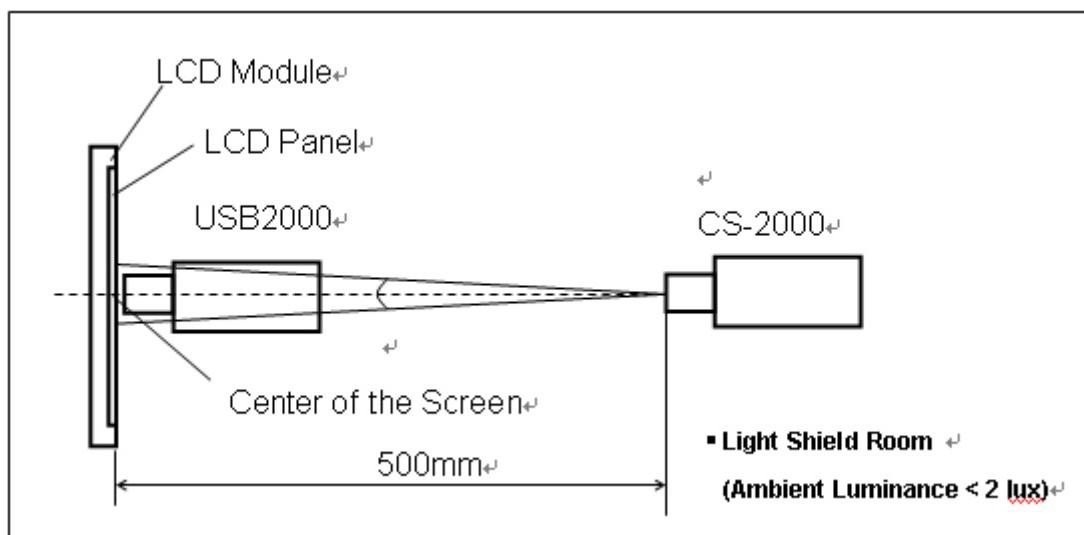
Module is without signal input.

$$\text{Transmittance} = \frac{\text{Luminance of LCD module } L(5)}{\text{Luminance of backlight } L_{BLU}(5)} * 100\%$$

$L(X)$  and  $L_{BLU}(X)$  is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (8).

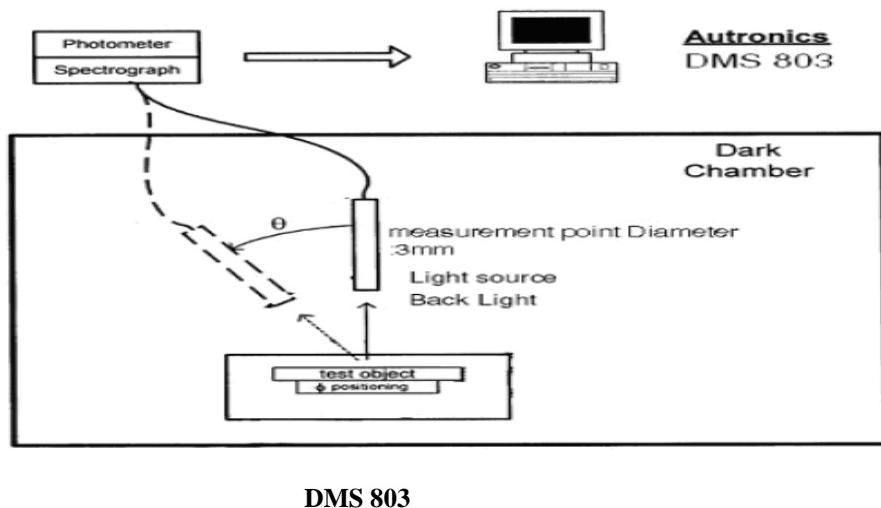
Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20minutes in a windless room.



Note (7) : Measurement Setup:

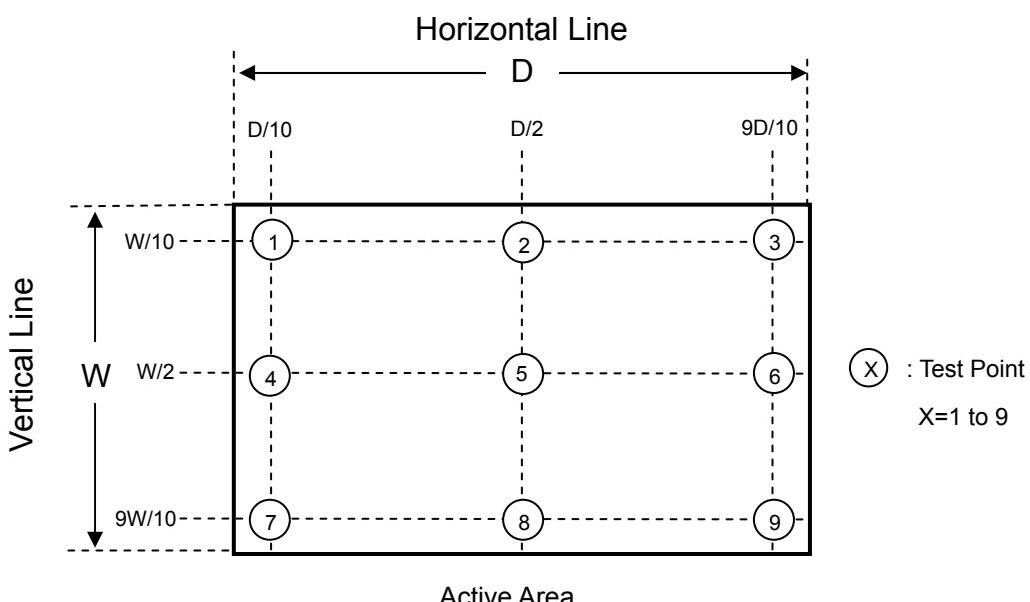
The LCD Panel should be stabilized at given temperature for 30 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after light source "C" for 30 minutes in a windless room.



Note (8) : Definition of Transmittance Variation ( $\delta T\%$ ):

Measure the transmittance at 9 points

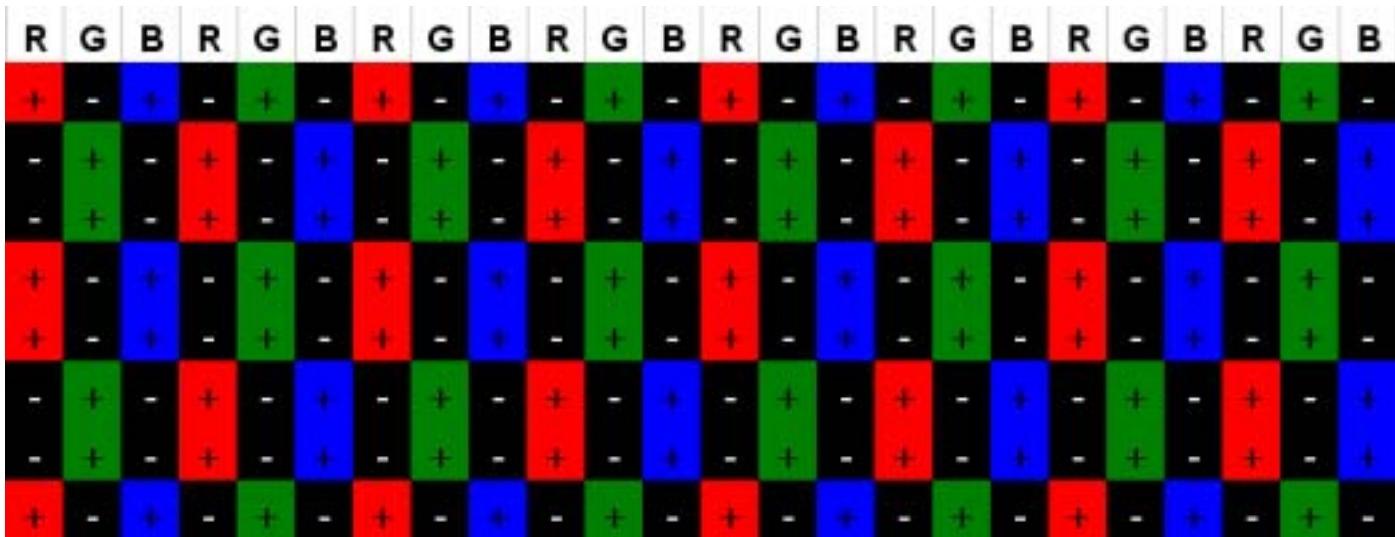
$$T\% = \frac{\text{Maximum } [T\%(1), T\%(2), \dots T\%(9)]}{\text{Minimum } [T\%(1), T\%(2), \dots T\%(9)]}$$



### 5.3 Flicker Adjustment

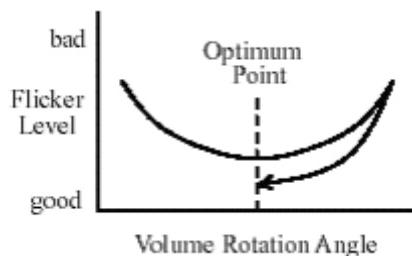
Flicker must be finely adjusted after module assembling and aging. Please follow the instructions below.

(1) Adjustment Pattern: 1+2 line checker pattern as follows



(2) Adjustment Method:

Flicker should be adjusted by turning the volume for flicker adjustment by the ceramic driver. It is adjusted to the point with least flickering of the whole screen. After making it surely overrun at once, it should be adjusted to the optimum point.



## 6. RELIABILITY TEST ITEM

Environment test conditions are listed as following table.

Items	Required Condition	Note
Temperature Humidity Bias (THB)	Ta= 50 , 80%RH, 240hours	(1)
High Temperature Operation (HTO)	Ta= 50 , 50%RH , 240hours	
Low Temperature Operation (LTO)	Ta= 0 , 240hours	
High Temperature Storage (HTS)	Ta= 60 , 240hours	
Low Temperature Storage (LTS)	Ta= -20 , 240hours	
Package Vibration Test	ISTA STANDARD 1.14Grms Random, Frequency Range: 1 ~ 200 Hz Top & Bottom: 30 minutes (+Z), 10 min (-Z), Right & Left: 10 minutes (X) Back & Forth 10 minutes (Y)	(2)
Thermal Shock Test (TST)	-20 /30min, 60 / 30min, 100 cycles	(1)
On/Off Test	25 , On/10sec, Off /10sec, 30000 cycles	
Altitude Test	Operation: 10000 ft / 24hours Non-Operation: 30000 ft / 24hours	

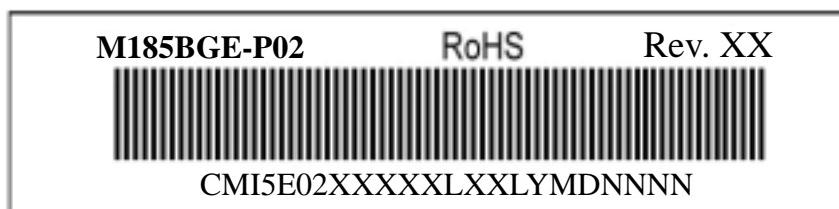
Note (1) The tests are done with LCD modules (M185BGE-P02).

Note (2) The test is done with a package shown in Section 8.

## 7. LABEL

### 7.1 CMI OPEN CELL LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each OPEN CELL as illustration for CMI internal control.



Barcode definition:

Serial ID: CM-I5E02-X-X-X-XX-L-XX-L-YMD-DDDD

Code	Meaning	Description
CM	Supplier code	CMI=CM
I5E02	Model number	M185BGE-P02=I5E02
X	Revision code	C1:1, C2:2, ...
X	Source driver IC code	Century=1, CLL=2, Demos=3, Epson=4, Fujitsu=5, Himax=6, Hitachi=7, Hynix=8, LDI=9, Matsushita=A, NEC=B, Novatek=C, OKI=D, Philips=E, Renasas=F, Samsung=G, Sanyo=H, Sharp=I, TI=J, Topro=K, Toshiba=L, Windbond=M
XX	Cell location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN
L	Cell line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
XX	Module location	Tainan, Taiwan=TN ; Ningbo China=NP ; Nanhai China : HN
L	Module line #	1,2,~,9,A,B,~,Y,Z
YMD	Year, month, day	Year: 2001=1, 2002=2, 2003=3, 2004=4... Month: 1~12=1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C Day: 1~31= 1, 2, 3, ~, 9, A, B, C, ~, T, U, V
NNNN	Serial number	Manufacturing sequence of product

## 8. PACKING

### 8.1 Packing Information

- (1) 15 LCD Open CELL / 1 Box
- (2) Box dimensions: 530 (L) X 385 (W) X 93 (H)
- (3) 900 PCS LCD Panels/ 1 Group

### 8.2 CARTON

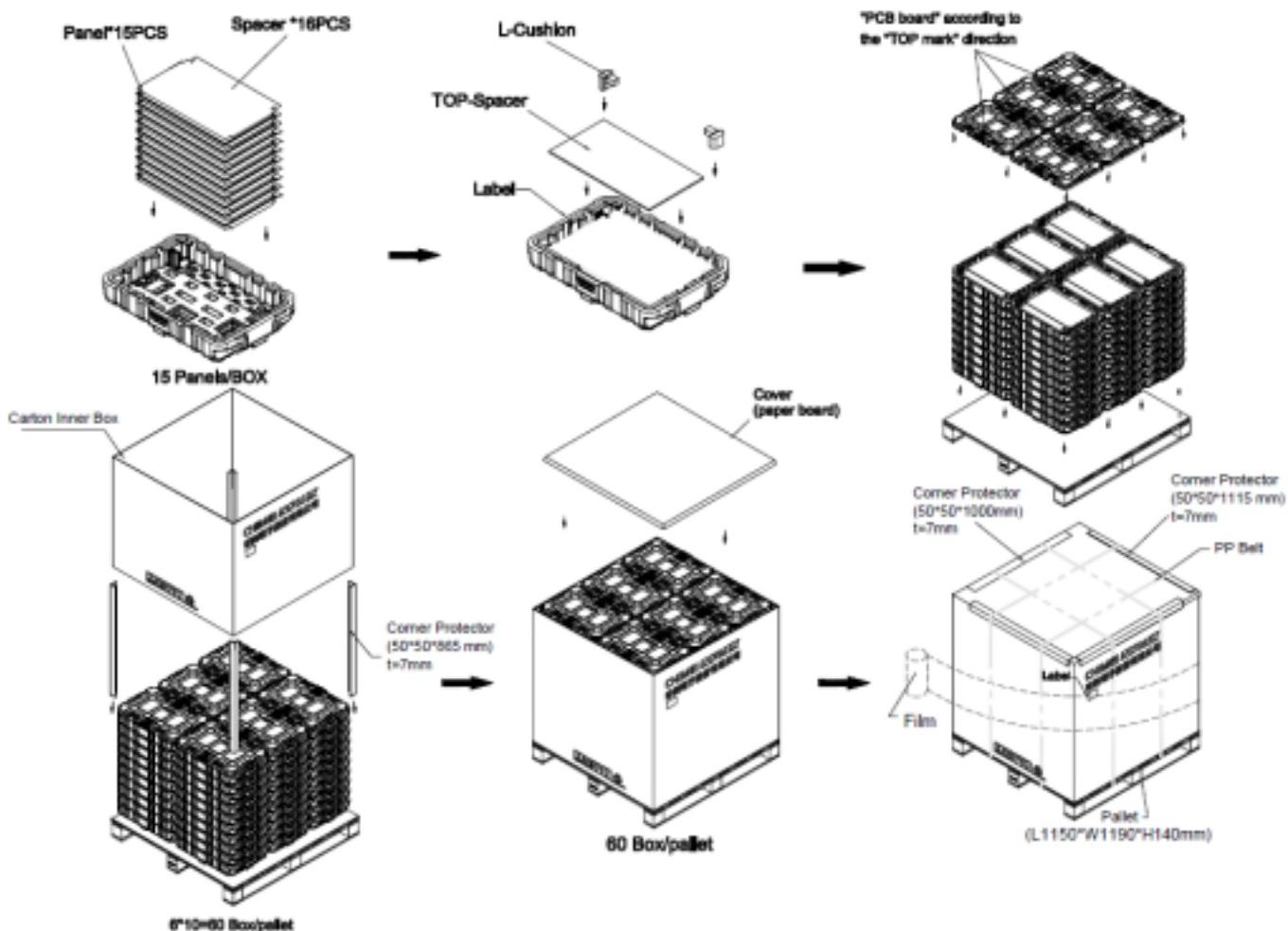
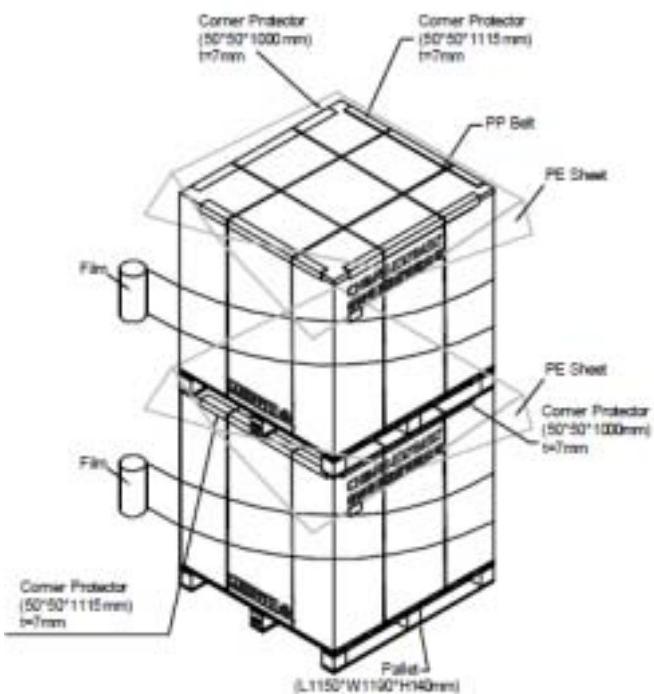


Figure. 8-1 Packing method

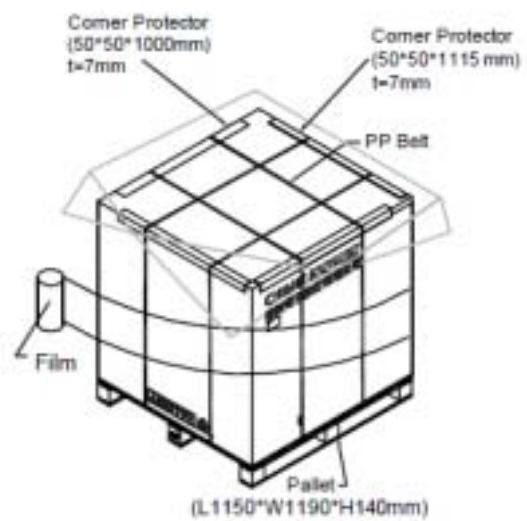
### 8.3 PALLET

Sea / Land Transportation



60 Box / Pallet +60 Box / Pallet

Air Transportation



60 Box / Pallet

Figure. 8-2 Packing method

## 9. PRECAUTIONS

### 9.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the product during assembly.
- (2) To assemble backlight or install module into user's system can be only in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) It is not permitted to have pressure or impulse on the module because the LCD panel will be damaged.
- (4) Always follow the correct power sequence when the product is connecting and operating. This can prevent damage to the CMOS LSI chips during latch-up.
- (5) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (6) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (7) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the product, because moisture may damage the product when it is operating.
- (8) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store this product within the specified storage conditions.
- (9) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C may reduce the display quality. For example, the response time will become slowly.

### 9.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- (1) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (2) After the product's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.

### 9.3 OTHER

- (1) When fixed patterns are displayed for a long time, remnant image is likely to occur.

## **10. OUTLINE DRAWING**

